

Implementation of algorithms and data structures

5. seminar

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Motivation

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 - E.g. some cases in red-black trees

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- We need to test some parts of codes which are rarely executed
 - E.g. some cases in red-black trees
- It is hard to create tested configuration using API
 - E.g. How to find a sequence of operations Insert/Delete for every case in red-black trees?
- Fuzz tests may create tested configuration but data are too large

Manually created data in memory: Basic idea

```
1 class Node:
2     def __init__(self, key, left, right, parent, is_black, size):
3         self.key = key
4         self.left = left
5         self.right = right
6         self.parent = parent
7         self.is_black = is_black
8         self.size = size
9
10 def test_delete_case_uncle_is_black():
11     root = Node(10, None, None, None, True, 6)
12     p = root.left = Node(5, None, None, root, False, 4)
13     l = p.left = Node(2, None, None, p, True, 2)
14     u = root.right = Node(15, None, None, root, True, 1)
15     ...
16     integrity_test(root)
17     root.delete(2)
18     integrity_test(root)
19     TEST(root.left == u)
20     TEST(u.is_black == False)
21     ...
```

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- Encode data into compact and clear format, e.g.
 - XML, JSON
 - Custom format, e.g. (3,(1,(0,(),()),(2,(),())),(4,(),()))
 - Use syntax of used programming language

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 - Use syntax of used programming language
- Write a function reading the chosen format

Encode data: example

```
1 def subtree(key, is_black, left=None, right=None):
2     node = Node()
3     node.key = key
4     node.is_black = is_black
5     node.left = left
6     node.right = right
7     node.size = 1 + (left.size if left else 0) +
8                     (right.size if right else 0)
9     if left:
10        left.parent = self
11    if right:
12        right.parent = self
13
14 root =
15     subtree(5, True,
16            subtree(3, False,
17                   None,
18                   subtree(4, True)),
19            subtree(7, True))
```

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- Run data consistency tests on results
- Compare obtained and expected results
- These tests often needs access to private members

Compare obtained and expected results

```
1 def compare_trees(tested_tree, expected_tree):
2
3     def recursive(tested_node, expected_node):
4         TEST(tested_node.key == expected_node.key)
5         TEST(tested_node.is_black == expected_node.is_black)
6         if expected_node.left:
7             TEST(tested_node.left)
8             recursive(tested_node.left, expected_node.left)
9         else:
10            TEST(not tested_node.right)
11            recursive(tested_node.right, expected_node.right)
12    ...
13
14    recursive(tested_tree.root, expected_tree.root)
```

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12    ...
13
14    recursive(tested_tree.root, expected_tree.root)

1 tested_tree = Tree(...)
2 tested_tree.integrity_tests()
3 tested_tree.insert(5)
4 tested_tree.integrity_tests()
5 expected_tree = Tree(...)
6 expected_tree.integrity_tests()
7 compare_content(tested_tree, expected_tree)
```

The first assignment: Left-leaning Red-black trees

- Design and implement API
- Design and implement data representation
- Write unit tests with small and also large number of elements
- Write test checking correctness of data representation
- Implement operations insert and find k -th element
- Implement operation delete
- Write fuzz tests
- Debug your program
- Submit your program on recodex