

Problem 1. Write a linear programming program which decides whether a given oriented graph contains an oriented cycle.

Problem 2. Solve the following problem

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Maximize} && 3x_1 + x_2 \\ & \text{subject to} && x_1 - x_2 \leq -1 \\ & && -x_1 - x_2 \leq -3 \\ & && 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 2 \\ & && x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 3. Solve the following problem

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Maximize} && 3x_1 + x_2 \\ & \text{subject to} && x_1 - x_2 \leq -1 \\ & && -x_1 - x_2 \leq -3 \\ & && 2x_1 - x_2 \leq 2 \\ & && x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 4. Without using the Farkas' lemma, prove that the system of linear equation $Ax = b$ has a solution if and only if the system $y^T A = 0$ and $y^T b = -1$ has no solution.

Problem 5. Find the dual problem to the following linear programming problems and write the complementary slackness conditions.

1. $\max c^T x$ subject to $Ax \leq b$,
2. $\max c^T x$ subject to $Ax = b, x \geq 0$,
3. $\min c^T x$ subject to $A_1 x = b_1, A_2 x \geq b_2$.

Problem 6. Find the dual problem to the following linear programming problem and write the complementary slackness conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Minimize} && 2x_1 && && - 2x_3 \\ & \text{subject to} && 7x_1 + 10x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 23 \\ & && 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 5 \\ & && -4x_1 + 14x_2 - 3x_3 \geq 11 \\ & && && && x_3 \geq 0 \\ & && && && x_3 \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 7 (Homework 2 points). Find the dual problem to the following two linear programming problems and write the complementary slackness conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} & 1) \text{ Maximize} && x_1 - 2x_2 && && + 3x_4 \\ & 2) \text{ Minimize} && x_1 - 2x_2 && && + 3x_4 \\ & \text{subject to} && && x_2 - 6x_3 + x_4 \leq 4 \\ & && -x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3 && && = 0 \\ & && 6x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 - 4x_4 \geq 5 \\ & && x_2 \leq 0, x_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 8 (Homework, 2 points). Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$. Prove that

- the system $Ax = b$ has a non-negative solution $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ if and only if every $y \in \mathbb{R}^m$ with $y^T A \geq 0^T$ satisfies $y^T b \geq 0$,
- the system $Ax \leq b$ is infeasible if and only if $0x \leq -1$ is a non-negative linear combination of inequalities $Ax \leq b$.