Problems 5 and 6 are for homework. Solutions must be submitted before the next lecture (not tutorial!) to be evaluated. Students are not allowed to keep submitted solutions after evaluation.

**Problem 1.** Consider the polyhedron *P* given by the following conditions.

- 1. Draw the polyhedron P.
- 2. Using the Simplex methods find all vertices of P.
- 3. Find the optimal solution of the problem  $\min \{x_1 + 2x_2; x \in P\}$ .
- 4. Find the optimal solution of the problem  $\max \{3x_1 + x_2; x \in P\}$ .

Problem 2. Solve the following problem

Problem 3. Solve the following problem

| Minimize   | $-2x_{1}$ | + | $4x_2$ | —       | $x_3$      |        |    |
|------------|-----------|---|--------|---------|------------|--------|----|
| subject to | $3x_1$    | — | $6x_2$ | +       | $4x_3$     | $\leq$ | 30 |
|            | $2x_1$    | — | $8x_2$ | +       | $10x_{3}$  | $\geq$ | 18 |
|            |           |   |        | $x_1$ , | $x_2, x_3$ | $\geq$ | 0  |

Problem 4. Solve the following linear programming problem.

Problem 5. Find all optimal vertices of the following problem.

| Maximize   | $2x_1$               | + | $3x_2$ | + | $5 x_3$ | + | $4 x_4$ |        |   |
|------------|----------------------|---|--------|---|---------|---|---------|--------|---|
| subject to | $x_1$                | + | $2x_2$ | + | $3x_3$  | + | $x_4$   | $\leq$ | 5 |
|            | $x_1$                | + | $x_2$  | + | $2x_3$  | + | $3x_4$  | $\leq$ | 3 |
|            | $x_1$                | + | $x_2$  | + | $2x_3$  | + | $7 x_4$ | $\geq$ | 3 |
|            | $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$ |   |        |   |         |   |         | $\geq$ | 0 |

Problem 6. Solve the following problem

| Maximize   |        |          |                 | $10 x_1$              | _ | $57 x_2$  | _ | $9 x_3$   | _ | $24 x_4$ |
|------------|--------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|----------|
| subject to | $x_5$  | =        | —               | $0,5 x_1$             | + | $5,5 x_2$ | + | $2,5 x_3$ | _ | $9x_4$   |
|            | $x_6$  | =        | _               | $0,5 x_1$             | + | $1,5 x_2$ | + | $0,5 x_3$ | — | $x_4$    |
|            | $x_7$  | =        | 1 -             | $x_1$                 |   |           |   |           |   |          |
|            | $x_1,$ | $x_2, z$ | $x_3, x_4, x_4$ | $x_5, x_6, x_7 \ge 0$ |   |           |   |           |   |          |

First, try to use the pivot rule "largest coefficient". Then, solve the problem using "Bland rule".